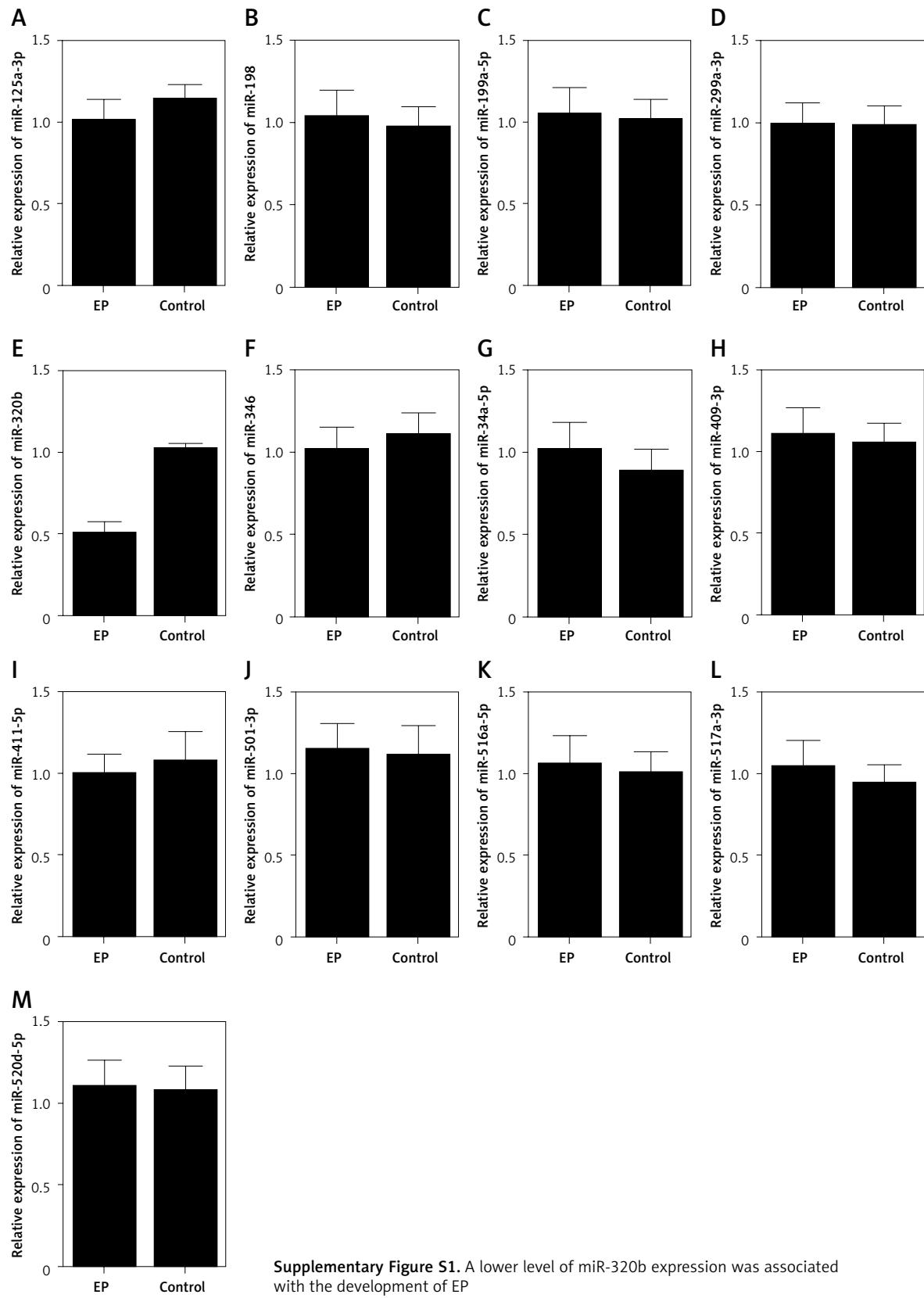


Treatment with progesterone attenuates proliferation of endometrial polyps (EP) via regulation of expression of miR-320b and its target gene, MCL1



Supplementary Figure S1. A lower level of miR-320b expression was associated with the development of EP